



#### PV Integration and storage optimization for a solar farm on a mall rooftop in Reunion Island

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## Reunion Island energy context

## Reunion island's profile

- 850,000 inhabitants
- 841 MW overall production capacity
  - Diesel: 291 MW
  - Coal/bagasse (cane residue): 210 MW
  - Hydro: 134 MW
  - Solar: 187 MW
  - Wind: 15 MW
  - Biogas : 3 MW
  - Grid storage : 1 MW



Crédit: Reuniwatt

#### Important energy challenges

#### Fossil fuel dependancy :

Reunion Island: 86,1%

#### Mainland France : 47,5%



Auteur: oer

#### Ambitious energy targets and solar potential

- European plan on climate change :
  - 20-20-20 targets
- French Overseas
  Departments and
  Territories targets :
  - 100%
    autonomous
    energy for 2030
  - 50% renewable for 2020
- High solar potential



Green House Gases







Energy consumption

Renewable energy in the energy mix

Credit: Askja Energy



Credit: MétéoFrance

Crédit: ADEME

#### Reunion electric grid issues



- No interconnection
- Operating reserve :
  - 211 MW Diesel Generator
  - 80 MW combustion turbine
  - ~50 MW Hydraulic Power
  - 1 MW Grid Storage
- Maximum renewable injection on the grid set to 30% by the local DSO.





## French Energy Regulation Commission (CRE) initiatives for solar development

## Solar Initiative for grid stability

- Tenders released by the French Energy Regulatory Commission (CRE), specific conditions for French insular areas
- Experimentation of rules regarding the feed-in profile tarif



Profile to be announced the day before, adjustment in intraday (for the 2<sup>nd</sup> tender)

## Feed in profile detail

- Elements needed from the producer :
  - P<sub>ref</sub>: power reference for the stable phase
  - T<sub>er</sub>: ending time of the load rising phase
  - T<sub>st</sub>: starting time of the load decreasing
- Producer must respect:
  - P<sub>ref</sub> < 40% of installed capacity</li>
  - During rising and decreasing phase:
    - The power slope must **remain between 0 and 0,6%** of the total installed capacity
  - During Stable power phase:
    - The power injected must stay around P<sub>ref</sub> with a 2,5% tolerance



**Power** 



#### Expectation on the solar generation

#### Profiles expected:



## Solar producer needs with this new regulation

- Storage capacity:
  - Due to peak shaving (P<sub>ref</sub>)
  - High response time
  - Appropriate capacity sizing

- Forecasts at diverse time horizons required :
  - Day-ahead forecast for profile declaration commitment
  - Intra-Day forecast for storage optimisation
  - Short-term forecast for operational plant management



Credits: Albioma

Credits: Reuniwatt

E. Buessler - EES Conference - 21. June 2016 - Munich, Germany





#### "Le Portail" solar power plant

#### Le Portail, mall rooftop solar power plant

- Iocated in Saint-Leu, Reunion
- In operation since September 2014
- 946 kWp rooftop solar panels
- 1200 kWh lithium storage capacity



#### Energy Management System (EMS) deployed

- Automatic forecast data acquisition from Reuniwatt
- Optimum Storage and injection recalibration every 15 minutes
- Automatically send next day power profile at 4PM every day







# Focus on Reuniwatt solar forecast technologies

#### The Portail solar power plant forecast details

#### Reuniwatt provide forecast on

- Global Horizontal Irradiance (GHI) with its components :
  - Direct Normal Irradiance
  - Diffuse Horizontal Irradiance
- Temperature
- And their related confidence interval





#### Credits: Reuniwatt

#### Reuniwatt solar forecasting tool : Soleka

A multiple technology approach to ensure the best performance forecast for every time horizons and spatial scale :



Credits: Reuniwatt





## Results

# Impact of the forecasts on the Portail PV storage system

Project allow us to improve our forecast accuracy :



Measured performance of the production forecasts

But also to improve solar production injection of the power plant:

87 to 95% production injection





## In Conclusion

#### Conclusion

- On this use-case application of solar forecast solutions deployed on PV + storage systems we have seen:
  - Forecast solutions are suitable solutions to reduce solar variability on the grid
  - The global system allows us to inject more photovoltaic electricity on the grid and maximise income of solar power plants
  - Those systems are particularly interesting for feed-in-profile systems as currently in experimentation on Reunion Island
- Possible research perspectives for the forecast solution
  - Adjust the current deployed system to integrate the 2015 tender regulation with:
    - intra-day adjustment
    - evening price calls on peak-hour demand mechanism
  - Estimate, with the deployment of similar systems, the possibility to increase the renewable energy injection limit, currently set to 30% of the total mix.





#### Thank you!

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